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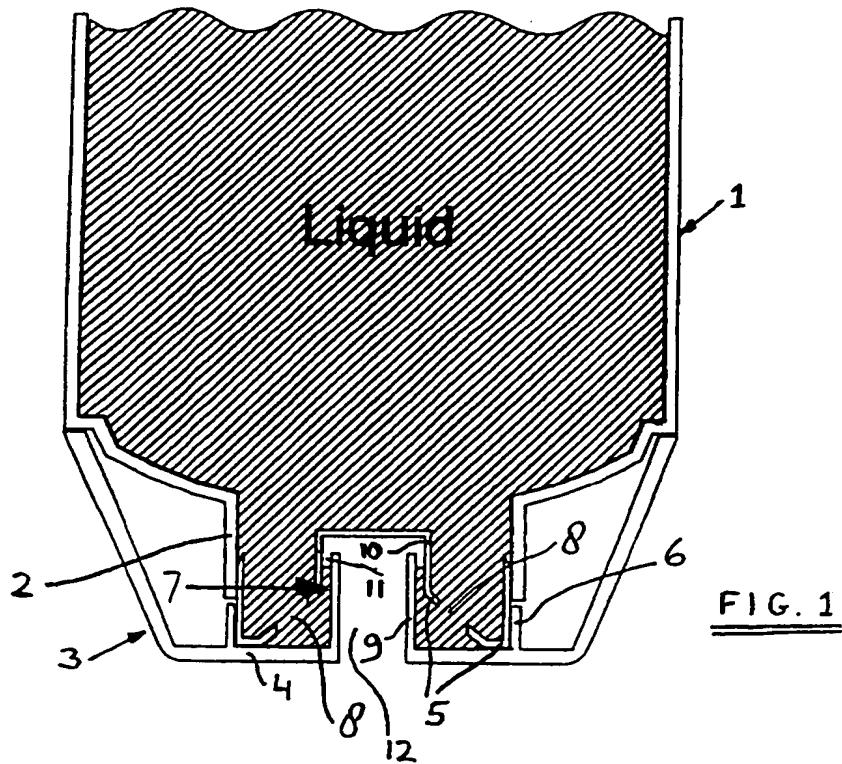
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(54) Liquid container

(57) A liquid container is provided with a flexible holder (1) with a discharge opening (12), and a closing device (3). From the flexible holder (1), when being deformed, liquid in the container can be taken out. The container is closed by a siphon trap (7). The width of the

opening in the siphon trap (7) is such that, when the container is held with the discharge opening directed downwardly and depending on the viscosity of the liquid in the container, only by deformation of the flexible holder (1) liquid is dispensed out of the container.



Description

[0001] The present invention relates to a liquid container with a flexible holder, provided with a discharge opening, and a closing device, from which flexible holder, when being deformed, liquid in the container can be taken out.

[0002] Such a liquid container is known and is used to take a viscous liquid out of the container by squeezing and subsequently deforming the flexible holder, while holding the liquid container with the discharge opening directed downwardly. The known liquid containers are provided with a closing device by means of which the discharge opening is closed when the liquid container is not in use, which discharge opening is released by removing the closing device. The disadvantage of the known liquid containers is that when squeezing the flexible holder is stopped, while the liquid container is still in a position with the discharge opening directed downwardly, liquid will drip for a short time. To avoid such a dripping after having stopped squeezing the flexible holder, the liquid container must immediately brought into a position with the discharge opening directed upwardly. This, however, slows down a repeated taking out of liquid.

[0003] The purpose of the invention is to obviate the above disadvantages and to provide for a liquid container with a simple, cheap and reliable construction.

[0004] According to the invention the liquid container as described in the opening paragraph is characterized in that the container is closed by a siphon trap.

[0005] By this measure the liquid container can be put on a carrier plane with the discharge opening directed downwardly, so that when the liquid container is seized and the holder is squeezed, the liquid flows out of the liquid container. After that squeezing of the holder is stopped, the liquid container can be put on a plane again with the discharge opening directed downwardly. By the siphon trap no further liquid will flow out of the container.

[0006] In a specific embodiment the closing device comprises a cap, and the siphon trap is formed by the cap and an inner necklike part, connected with the container. Particularly the inner necklike part fits in a neck part of the container and is provided with one or more openings. Further, the cap can be provided with a neck part which fits around said inner necklike part. Of course other connections between the inner necklike part and the neck part of the container and between the inner necklike part and the neck part of the cap are possible, e.g. by a screwed pipe connection.

[0007] In order to preserve the liquid in the container for a longer time, it is favourable when a cover is provided to close the discharge opening.

[0008] The width of the opening in the siphon trap may be such that, when the liquid container is held with the discharge opening directed downwardly and taking into account the viscosity of the liquid in the container, only by deformation of the flexible holder liquid is dispensed

out of the container.

[0009] An embodiment of the liquid container according to the invention will be further explained in the following description with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Fig. 1 shows part of a liquid container according to the invention in a rest position and ready for use; and

Fig. 2 shows said part of the liquid container while the flexible holder is squeezed.

[0010] In figs. 1 and 2 a liquid container comprises a flexible holder 1 with a neck part 2, a closing device 3 with a cap 4 and an inner necklike part 5. The holder can be formed by a collapsible tube, a bottle of synthetic material or suchlike units. The cap is provided with a neck part 6. The liquid container is closed by a siphon trap 7 formed by the cap 4 and the inner necklike part 5. The inner neck part 5 fits in the neck part 2 of the flexible holder 1, while the neck part 6 of the cap 4 fits around the inner necklike part 5. The inner necklike part 5 is fixed in the neck part 2 of the flexible holder 1 and provided with one or more openings 8. The cap 4 is fixed around the inner necklike part 5. The cap 4 has an inner bushlike element 9, which, when the cap 4 is fixed around the inner necklike part 5, extends partly in a bushlike part 10 of the inner necklike part 5. As already mentioned the siphon trap 7 is formed by the cap 4 and the inner necklike part 5. More particularly, the siphon trap 7 is formed by the bushlike elements 9 and 10. Between both bushlike elements 9 and 10 an opening 11 is provided, the width of which is depending on e.g. the viscosity of the liquid in the container.

When the liquid container is not in use, the discharge opening 12 of the container can be closed by a cover, not shown in the figures.

[0011] When the flexible holder 1 is in a rest position (fig. 1) the liquid will enter the siphon trap 7 at a level below the top of the bushlike element 9. When the squeezed (fig. 2), the liquid in the flexible holder 1 is forced downwards and the liquid level in the siphon trap 7 rises above the upper edge of the bushlike element 9 and dispenses as shown in fig. 2.

[0012] It will be clear that the invention is not restricted to the embodiment described above and illustrated in the figures. It will be clear to the skilled man that, within the scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims, many alternatives are possible.

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Claims

- 55 1. Liquid container with a flexible holder (1), provided with a discharge opening (12), and a closing device (3), from which flexible holder (1), when being deformed, liquid in the container can be taken out, characterized in that the container is closed by a

siphon trap (7).

2. Liquid container according to claim 1, characterized in that the closing device (3) comprises a cap (4), and the siphon trap (7) is formed by the cap (4) and an inner necklike part (5), connected with the container. 5
3. Liquid container according to claim 2, characterized in that the inner necklike part (5) fits in a neck part (2) of the container and is provided with one or more openings (8). 10
4. Liquid container according to claim 2 or 3, characterized in that the cap (4) is provided with a neck part (6) which fits around said inner necklike part (5). 15
5. Liquid container according to any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that a cover is provided to close the discharge opening (12). 20
6. Liquid container according to any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the width of the opening (11) in the siphon trap (7) is such that, when the liquid container is held with the discharge opening (12) directed downwardly and taking into account the viscosity of the liquid in the container, only by deformation of the flexible holder (1) liquid is dispensed out of the container. 25 30

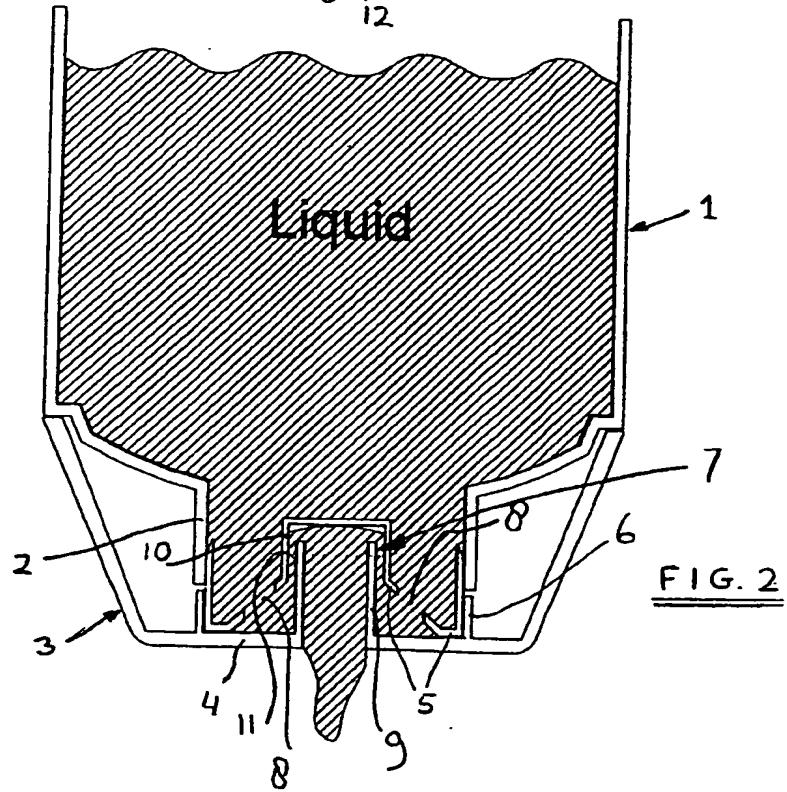
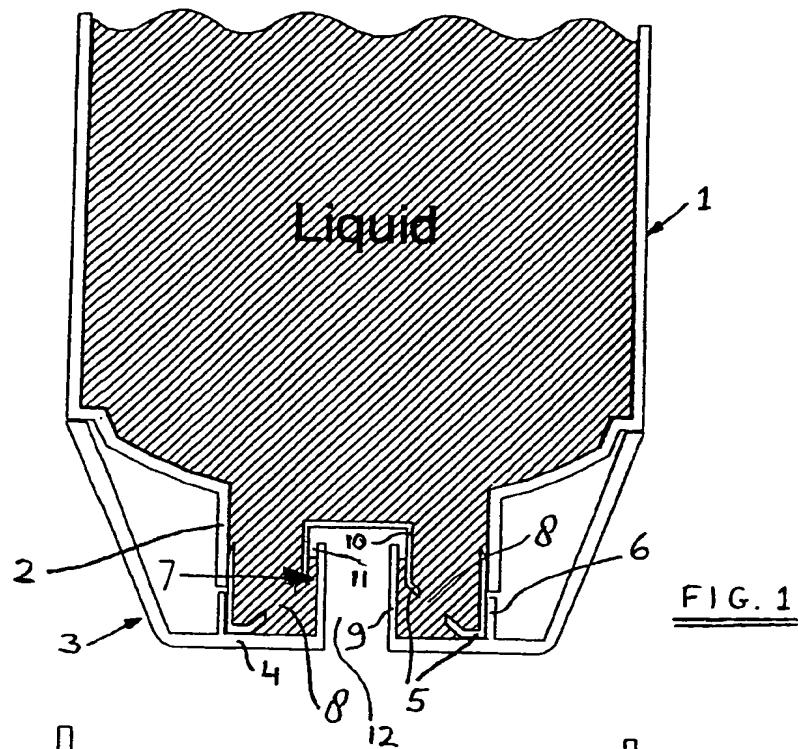
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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 00 20 0007

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Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim							
X	US 4 324 349 A (KAUFMAN JOHN G) 13 April 1982 (1982-04-13) * column 4, line 37 - column 5, line 11; figure 2 *	1, 2, 4-6	B65D1/32 B65D47/06						
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			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Cl.7)						
			G01F B65D						
<p>The present search report has been drawn up for all claims</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%;">Place of search</td> <td style="width: 33%;">Date of completion of the search</td> <td style="width: 34%;">Examiner</td> </tr> <tr> <td>THE HAGUE</td> <td>26 May 2000</td> <td>Bridault, A</td> </tr> </table> <p>CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS</p> <p>X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document</p> <p>T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document</p>				Place of search	Date of completion of the search	Examiner	THE HAGUE	26 May 2000	Bridault, A
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**ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT
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EP 00 20 0007

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report.
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